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10 μ A, Low-Dropout, Precision Voltage References

MAX872/MAX874

General Description

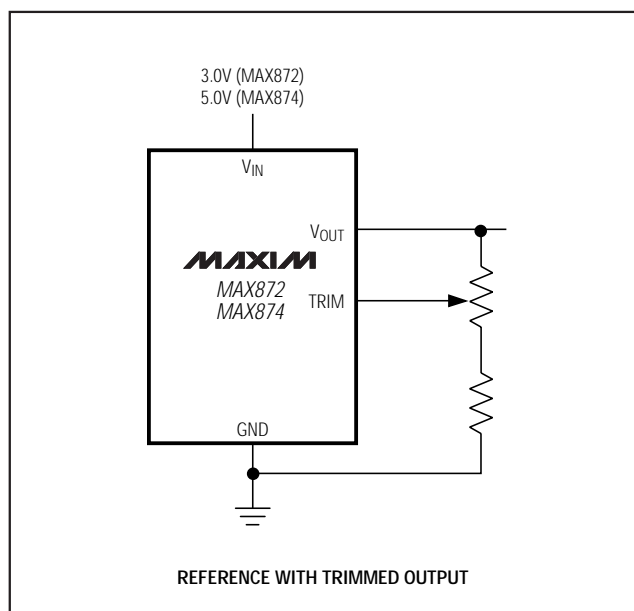
The MAX872/MAX874 precision 2.5V and 4.096V micro-power voltage references consume a maximum of only 10 μ A and operate from supply voltages up to 20V. The combination of ultra-low quiescent current and low 200mV dropout makes them ideal for battery-powered equipment. They source and sink up to 500 μ A with only 200mV input voltage headroom, which makes the 2.5V MAX872 ideal for use with a 3V supply and the 4.096V MAX874 ideal for use with a 5V supply.

Initial accuracy of 0.2% at +25°C (\pm 5mV for the MAX872, \pm 8mV for the MAX874) and low 40ppm/°C max drift make these references suitable for a wide range of precision applications.

Applications

Hand-Held Instruments
Battery-Operated Equipment
Power Supplies

Typical Operating Circuit



Features

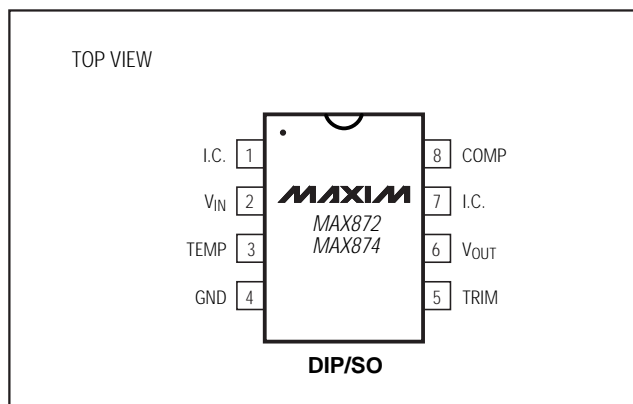
- ◆ **Output Voltage**
2.500V \pm 0.2% (MAX872)
4.096V \pm 0.2% (MAX874)
- ◆ **Wide Operating Voltage Range**
2.7V to 20V (MAX872)
4.3V to 20V (MAX874)
- ◆ **10 μ A Max Supply Current**
- ◆ **40ppm/°C Max Drift Over Extended Temp. Range**
- ◆ **Line Regulation Over Temp.**
20 μ V/V (MAX872)
75 μ V/V (MAX874)
- ◆ **Load Regulation Over Temp.**
0.6mV/mA Max (MAX872)
1.0mV/mA Max (MAX874)
- ◆ **\pm 500 μ A Sink/Source Current**

Ordering Information

| PART | TEMP. RANGE | PIN-PACKAGE |
|-----------|----------------|---------------|
| MAX872CPA | 0°C to +70°C | 8 Plastic DIP |
| MAX872CSA | 0°C to +70°C | 8 SO |
| MAX872C/D | 0°C to +70°C | Dice* |
| MAX872EPA | -40°C to +85°C | 8 Plastic DIP |
| MAX872ESA | -40°C to +85°C | 8 SO |
| MAX874CPA | 0°C to +70°C | 8 Plastic DIP |
| MAX874CSA | 0°C to +70°C | 8 SO |
| MAX874C/D | 0°C to +70°C | Dice* |
| MAX874EPA | -40°C to +85°C | 8 Plastic DIP |
| MAX874ESA | -40°C to +85°C | 8 SO |

* Dice are specified at +25°C only.

Pin Configuration



10 μ A, Low-Dropout, Precision Voltage References

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| | |
|---|--|
| Supply Voltage |24V |
| Output Short-Circuit Duration |Continuous to Either Supply |
| C _{COMP} Input |-0.3V to V _{OUT} |
| TRIM Input |-0.3V to (V _{IN} + 0.3V) |
| TEMP Output |-0.3V to (V _{IN} + 0.3V) |
| Continuous Power Dissipation (T _A = +70°C) | |
| Plastic DIP (derate 9.09mW/°C above +70°C) |727mW |
| SO (derate 5.88mW/°C above +70°C) |471mW |

Operating Temperature Ranges

| | |
|--|----------------------|
| MAX87_C__ |0°C to +70°C |
| MAX87_E__ |-40°C to +85°C |
| Storage Temperature Range |-65°C to +150°C |
| Junction Temperature Range (T _J) |-65°C to +160°C |
| Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec) |+300°C |

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX872

(V_{IN} = 2.7V, I_L = 0mA, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
|--|------------------------------------|---|---------|----------|-------|------------|
| Output Voltage | V _{OUT} | | 2.495 | 2.500 | 2.505 | V |
| Output Voltage Noise | e _n | 0.1Hz to 10Hz | | 60 | | μ Vp-p |
| Line Regulation | V _{OUT} /V _{IN} | V _{IN} = 4.5V to 20V | | 4 | 12 | μ V/V |
| | | V _{IN} = 2.7V to 5.5V | | 80 | 250 | |
| Load Regulation (Note 1) | V _{OUT} /I _{OUT} | Sourcing 0mA to 0.5mA | | 0.2 | 0.5 | mV/mA |
| | | Sinking 0mA to -0.5mA | | 4 | 12 | |
| Quiescent Supply Current | I _Q | | | 6.5 | 10 | μ A |
| Change in Supply Current vs. V _{IN} | I _Q /V _{IN} | V _{IN} = 2.7V to 20V | | 0.35 | 0.55 | μ A/V |
| Short-Circuit Output Current | I _{SC} | V _{OUT} short to GND | | 6 | 15 | mA |
| | | V _{OUT} short to V _{IN} | | 3 | 9 | |
| TEMP Voltage | V _{TEMP} | | | 690 | | mV |
| V _{OUT} Adjustment Range | V _{ADJ} | V _{OUT} \geq V _{OUT} + 0.2V | +75/-20 | +100/-25 | | mV |

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX874

(V_{IN} = 4.3V, I_L = 0mA, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
|--|------------------------------------|---|-----------|-----------|-------|------------|
| Output Voltage | V _{OUT} | | 4.088 | 4.096 | 4.104 | V |
| Output Voltage Noise | e _n | 0.1Hz to 10Hz | | 90 | | μ Vp-p |
| Line Regulation | V _{OUT} /V _{IN} | V _{IN} = 4.3V to 20V | | 15 | 75 | μ V/V |
| Load Regulation (Note 1) | V _{OUT} /I _{OUT} | Sourcing 0mA to 0.5mA | | 0.15 | 0.9 | mV/mA |
| | | Sinking 0mA to -0.5mA | | 6 | 15 | |
| Quiescent Supply Current | I _Q | | | 6.5 | 10 | μ A |
| Change in Supply Current vs. V _{IN} | I _Q /V _{IN} | V _{IN} = 4.3V to 20V | | 0.35 | 0.55 | μ A/V |
| Short-Circuit Output Current | I _{SC} | V _{OUT} short to GND | | 6 | 15 | mA |
| | | V _{OUT} short to V _{IN} | | 5 | 25 | |
| TEMP Voltage | V _{TEMP} | | | 690 | | mV |
| V _{OUT} Adjustment Range | V _{ADJ} | V _{OUT} \geq V _{OUT} + 0.2V | \pm 150 | \pm 200 | | mV |

10 μ A, Low-Dropout, Precision Voltage References

MAX872/MAX874

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX872C

($V_{IN} = 2.7V$, $I_L = 0mA$, $T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to $+70^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
|--|-------------------|------------------------------|---------|-----|--------|------------------|
| Output Voltage | V_{OUT} | | 2.4905 | | 2.5095 | V |
| Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient | TCV_{OUT} | | | 20 | 40 | ppm/ $^{\circ}C$ |
| Line Regulation | V_{OUT}/V_{IN} | $V_{IN} = 4.5V$ to $20V$ | | | 20 | $\mu V/V$ |
| | | $V_{IN} = 2.7V$ to $5.5V$ | | | 300 | |
| Load Regulation (Note 1) | V_{OUT}/I_{OUT} | Sourcing $0mA$ to $0.4mA$ | | | 0.6 | mV/mA |
| | | Sinking $0mA$ to $-0.4mA$ | | | 15 | |
| Quiescent Supply Current | I_Q | | | | 15 | μA |
| Change in Supply Current vs. V_{IN} | I_Q/V_{IN} | $V_{IN} = 2.7V$ to $20V$ | | | 0.7 | $\mu A/V$ |
| V_{OUT} Adjustment Range | V_{ADJ} | $V_{IN} \geq V_{OUT} + 0.2V$ | +75/-20 | | | mV |
| TEMP Output Temperature Coefficient | TCV_{TEMP} | | | 2.3 | | mV/ $^{\circ}C$ |

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX874C

($V_{IN} = 4.3V$, $I_L = 0mA$, $T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to $+70^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
|--|-------------------|------------------------------|-----------|-----|--------|------------------|
| Output Voltage | V_{OUT} | | 4.0805 | | 4.1115 | V |
| Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient | TCV_{OUT} | | | 20 | 40 | ppm/ $^{\circ}C$ |
| Line Regulation | V_{OUT}/V_{IN} | $V_{IN} = 4.3V$ to $20V$ | | | 75 | $\mu V/V$ |
| Load Regulation (Note 1) | V_{OUT}/I_{OUT} | Sourcing $0mA$ to $0.4mA$ | | | 1.0 | mV/mA |
| | | Sinking $0mA$ to $-0.4mA$ | | | 25 | |
| Quiescent Supply Current | I_Q | | | | 15 | μA |
| Change in Supply Current vs. V_{IN} | I_Q/V_{IN} | $V_{IN} = 4.3V$ to $20V$ | | | 0.7 | $\mu A/V$ |
| V_{OUT} Adjustment Range | V_{ADJ} | $V_{IN} \geq V_{OUT} + 0.2V$ | ± 150 | | | mV |
| TEMP Output Temperature Coefficient | TCV_{TEMP} | | | 2.3 | | mV/ $^{\circ}C$ |

Note 1: If the load current exceeds $300\mu A$, connect a minimum of $1000pF$ from V_{OUT} to GND. Note that if a capacitor larger than $1000pF$ is used, a compensation capacitor of $C_{OUT}/100$ must be connected from V_{OUT} to COMP.

10 μ A, Low-Dropout, Precision Voltage References

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX872E

($V_{IN} = 2.7V$, $I_L = 0mA$, $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
|--|-------------------|------------------------------|---------|-----|-------|------------------|
| Output Voltage | V_{OUT} | | 2.488 | | 2.512 | V |
| Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient | TCV_{OUT} | | | 20 | 40 | ppm/ $^{\circ}C$ |
| Line Regulation | V_{OUT}/V_{IN} | $V_{IN} = 4.5V$ to $20V$ | | | 20 | $\mu V/V$ |
| | | $V_{IN} = 2.7V$ to $5.5V$ | | | 300 | |
| Load Regulation | V_{OUT}/I_{OUT} | Sourcing $0mA$ to $0.30mA$ | | | 0.6 | mV/mA |
| | | Sinking $0mA$ to $-0.30mA$ | | | 15 | |
| Quiescent Supply Current | I_Q | | | | 15 | μA |
| Change in Supply Current vs. V_{IN} | I_Q/V_{IN} | $V_{IN} = 2.7V$ to $20V$ | | | 0.7 | $\mu A/V$ |
| V_{OUT} Adjustment Range | V_{ADJ} | $V_{IN} \geq V_{OUT} + 0.2V$ | +75/-20 | | | mV |
| TEMP Output Temperature Coefficient | TCV_{TEMP} | | | 2.3 | | mV/ $^{\circ}C$ |

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX874E

($V_{IN} = 4.3V$, $I_L = 0mA$, $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.)

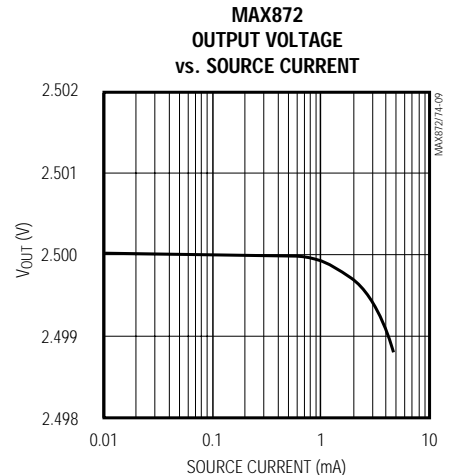
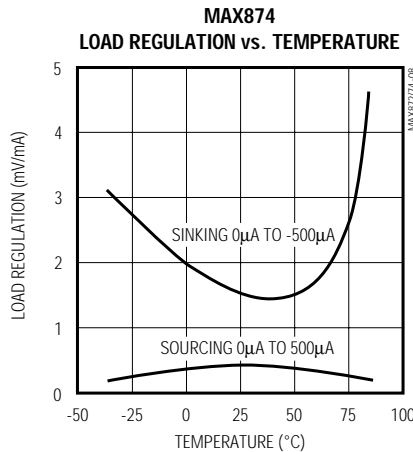
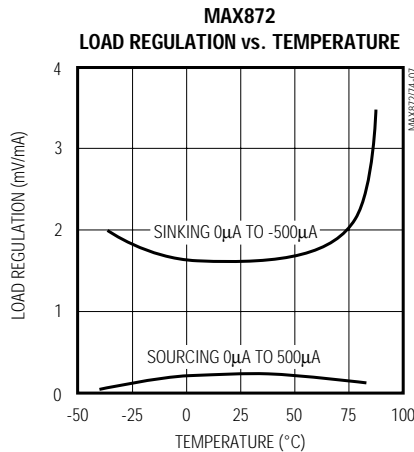
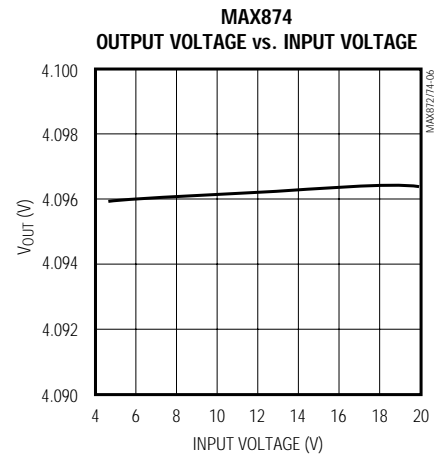
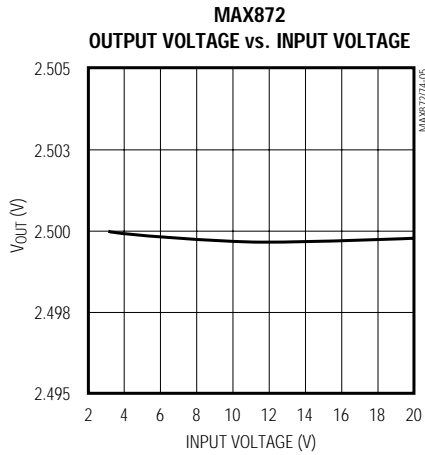
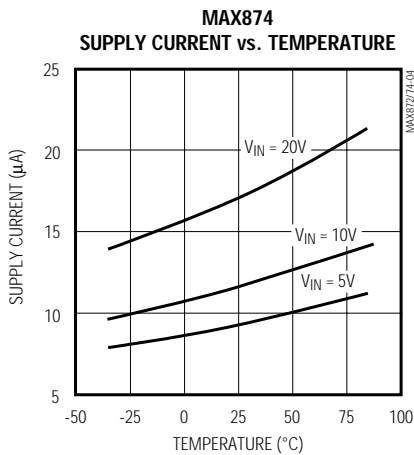
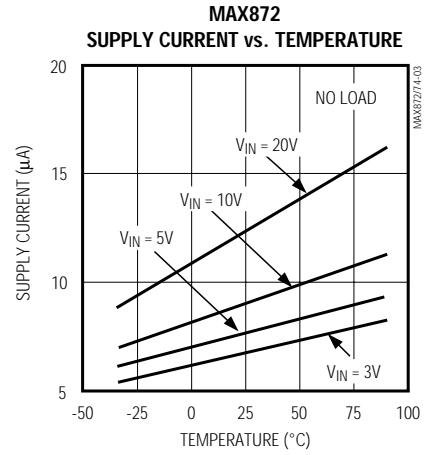
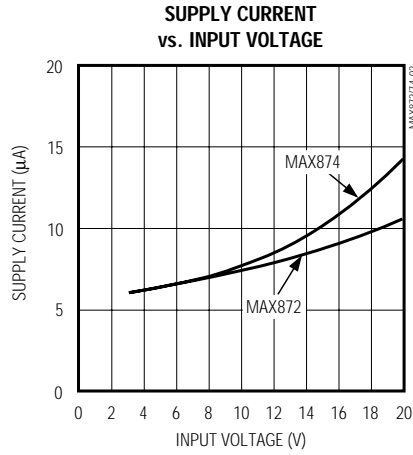
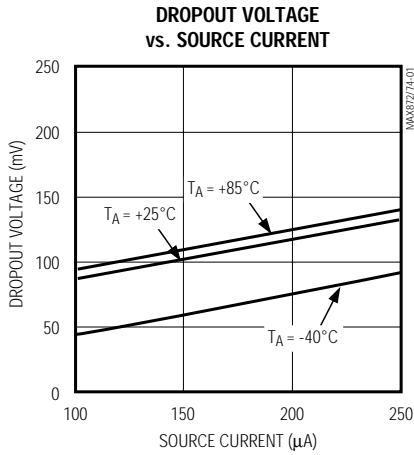
| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
|--|-------------------|------------------------------|-----------|-----|-------|------------------|
| Output Voltage | V_{OUT} | | 4.077 | | 4.115 | V |
| Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient | TCV_{OUT} | | | 20 | 40 | ppm/ $^{\circ}C$ |
| Line Regulation | V_{OUT}/V_{IN} | $V_{IN} = 4.3V$ to $20V$ | | | 75 | $\mu V/V$ |
| Load Regulation | V_{OUT}/I_{OUT} | Sourcing $0mA$ to $0.30mA$ | | | 1.0 | mV/mA |
| | | Sinking $0mA$ to $-0.30mA$ | | | 25 | |
| Quiescent Supply Current | I_Q | | | | 15 | μA |
| Change in Supply Current vs. V_{IN} | I_Q/V_{IN} | $V_{IN} = 4.3V$ to $20V$ | | | 0.7 | $\mu A/V$ |
| V_{OUT} Adjustment Range | V_{ADJ} | $V_{IN} \geq V_{OUT} + 0.2V$ | ± 150 | | | mV |
| TEMP Output Temperature Coefficient | TCV_{TEMP} | | | 2.3 | | mV/ $^{\circ}C$ |

10 μ A, Low-Dropout, Precision Voltage References

Typical Operating Characteristics

($V_{IN} = 3V$ (MAX872), $V_{IN} = 5V$ (MAX874), no load, $T_A = +25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted.)

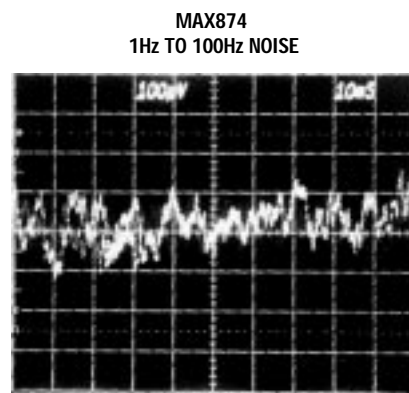
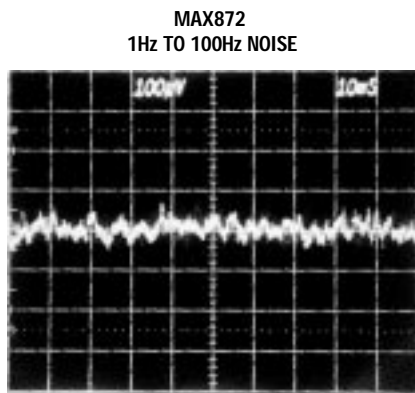
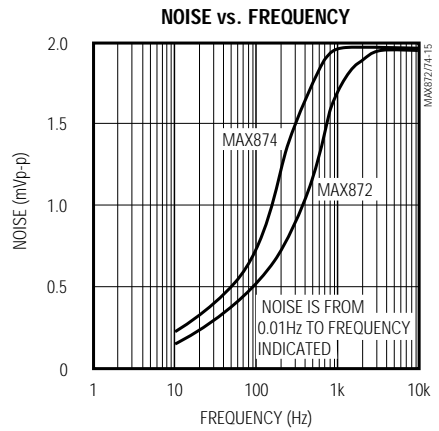
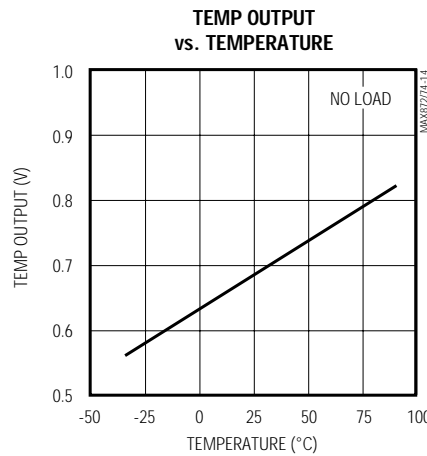
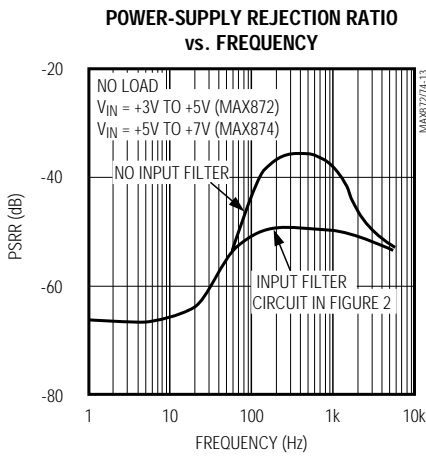
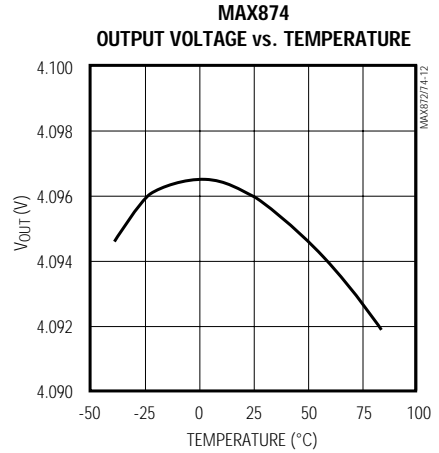
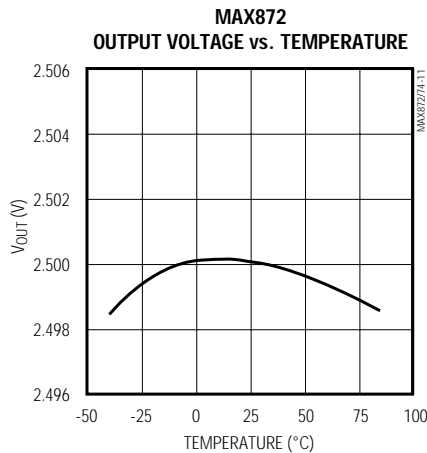
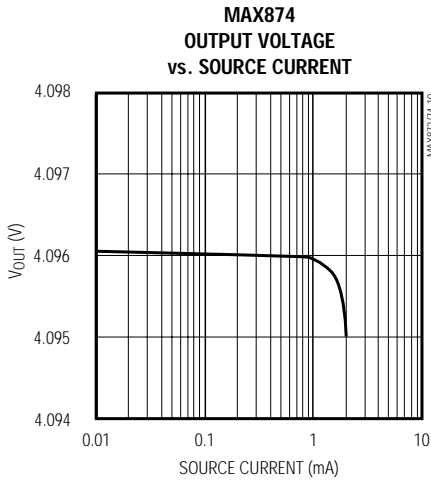
MAX872/MAX874



10 μ A, Low-Dropout, Precision Voltage References

Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

($V_{IN} = 3V$ (MAX872), $V_{IN} = 5V$ (MAX874), no load, $T_A = +25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted.)



10 μ A, Low-Dropout, Precision Voltage References

MAX872/MAX874

Pin Description

| PIN | NAME | FUNCTION |
|------|------------------|---|
| 1, 7 | I.C. | Internal Connection. Make no connection to this pin |
| 2 | V _{IN} | Input Voltage |
| 3 | TEMP | Temperature-Proportional Output Voltage. Generates an output voltage proportional to junction temperature. |
| 4 | GND | Ground |
| 5 | TRIM | Output Voltage Trim. Connect to the center of a voltage divider for output trimming. Otherwise make no connection. |
| 6 | V _{OUT} | Reference Output |
| 8 | COMP | Compensation Input. Connect C _{LOAD} /100 capacitor from V _{OUT} to COMP to provide capacitive load compensation. |

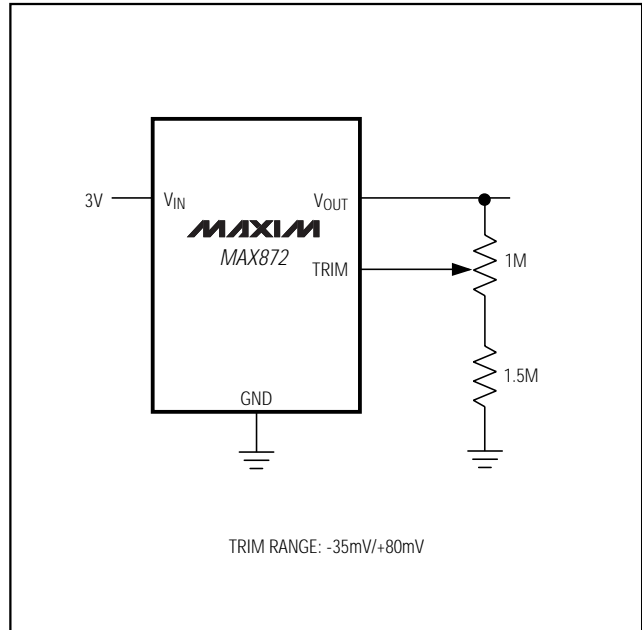


Figure 1a. Adjusting V_{OUT} with the TRIM Input on the MAX872

Applications Information

Trimming the Output Voltage

The MAX872/MAX874's output voltage is trimmed for 0.2% tolerance at +25°C. If additional V_{OUT} trimming is desired, connect a potentiometer to TRIM, as shown in Figures 1a and 1b. Adjusting V_{OUT} away from its factory-trimmed voltage typically changes the output voltage tempco by 7ppm/°C per 100mV.

Reducing Input Ripple with an Input Filter

The Power-Supply Rejection Ratio vs. Frequency graph in the *Typical Operating Characteristics* shows ripple rejection between 10Hz and 2kHz. As input RC filter with a pole less than 10Hz, as shown in Figure 2, further attenuates input ripple with this band. The voltage drop across the input resistor (due to supply and load current) slightly increases the dropout voltage. The increase is given by [(I_{LOAD} + I_{SUPPLY}) • R].

Choosing the Output and Compensation Capacitors

Connecting a capacitor between V_{OUT} and GND reduces load transients. If the load exceeds 300 μ A, connect a minimum of 1000pF from V_{OUT} to GND. The type of capacitor is not critical. If the total load capacitance from V_{OUT} to GND (C_{LOAD} = output capacitor + other capacitive load) is larger than 1000pF, connect a compensation capacitor with a value of C_{LOAD}/100 between COMP and V_{OUT}.

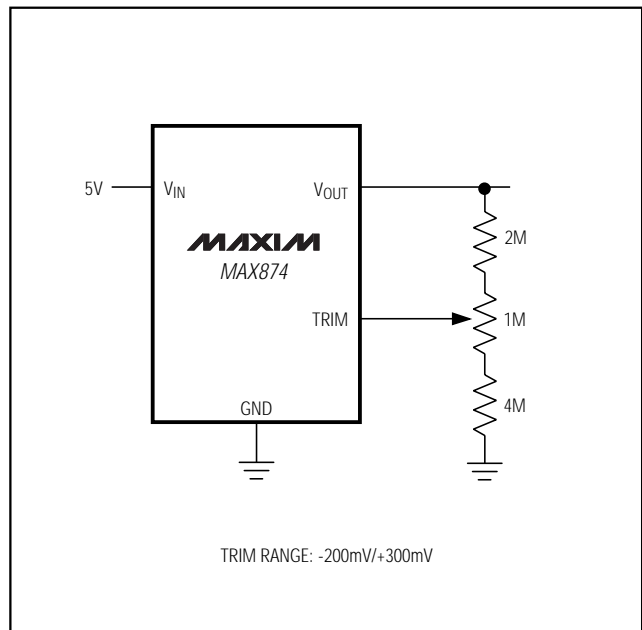


Figure 1b. Adjusting V_{OUT} with the TRIM Input on the MAX874

10µA, Low-Dropout, Precision Voltage References

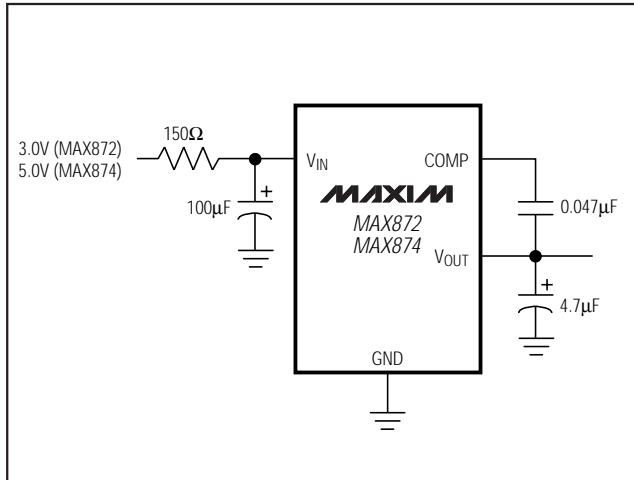


Figure 2. Input Filter Reduces Input Ripple

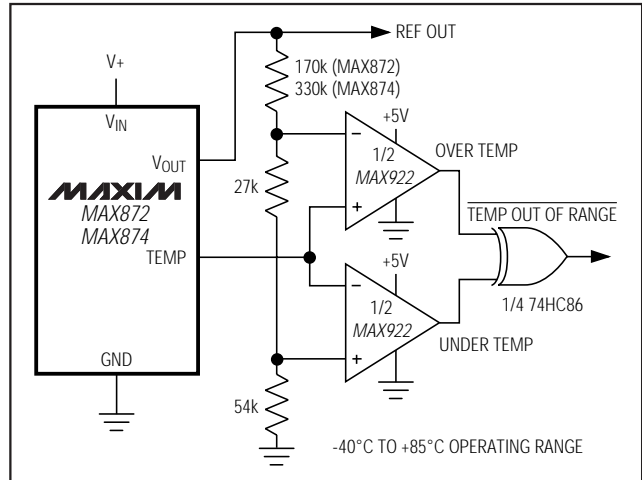


Figure 3. Operating Temperature Range Window Comparator

TEMP Output

The TEMP output provides a voltage proportional to the MAX872/MAX874 junction temperature. Since the power dissipation of the MAX872/MAX874 is <100µW typ, the junction temperature is within 0.5°C of the ambient temperature. Although it goes unused in most applications, the ambient temperature information given by the TEMP output may be used to control LCD contrast, or to provide ADC gain compensation or thermal out-of-range indication. TEMP must be buffered or connected to a high-impedance input.

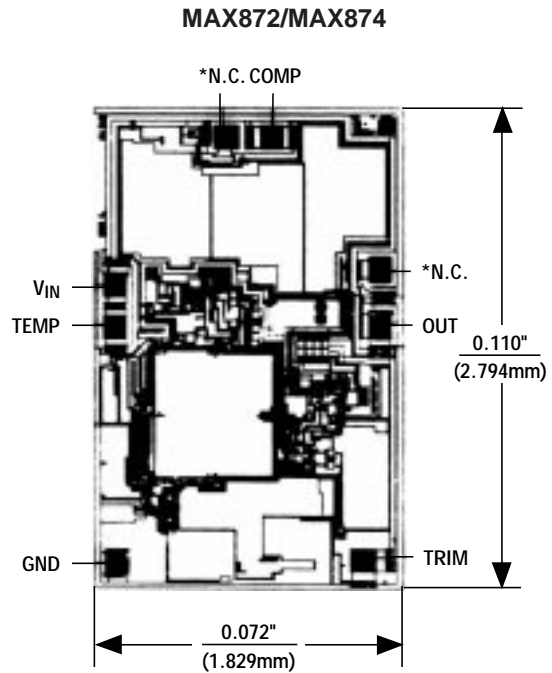
Operating Temperature Window Comparator

In Figure 3, a window comparator monitors the TEMP output and indicates if the temperature is out of the nominal operating range. For the resistor values shown, the circuit will indicate an out-of-range condition if the ambient temperature should rise above +85°C or dip below -40°C.

Start-Up

When the input voltage is below the factory-selected output voltage, the MAX872/MAX874 can draw excessive supply current (hundreds of microamps). If the source resistance is too high, the voltage drop across the source resistance can prevent the input voltage to the device from reaching the minimum dropout voltage. Therefore, when using the MAX872/MAX874 in low-dropout applications, ensure that the power supply has a low source resistance.

Chip Topography



*MAKE NO CONNECTIONS TO THESE PADS

TRANSISTOR COUNT: 89

SUBSTRATE CONNECTED TO GND.

Maxim cannot assume responsibility for use of any circuitry other than circuitry entirely embodied in a Maxim product. No circuit patent licenses are implied. Maxim reserves the right to change the circuitry and specifications without notice at any time.

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